ORDINANCE NO. <u>07-01-13</u>

WHEREAS, the Council of the City of Hartford wishes to repeal certain current provisions relating to animal control and adopt new requirements regulating animal control in the City of Hartford.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF HARTFORD, ALABAMA:

SECTION I. That Ordinance 4-19-10-1 is hereby repealed.

SECTION II. That the following provisions shall, from the effective date of this ordinance, be law regulating animal control in the City of Hartford.

ARTICLE I. GENERAL

Sec. 1-1 Definitions

For the purposes of this Chapter, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed to them by this section:

- (a) Abandon: To place upon public property or within a public building unattended or uncared for; and/or upon private property without prior permission of the owner, tenant or custodian of the property; and/or upon private property unattended or uncared for.
- (b) Animal: Dogs, cats, fowl, livestock, and any other domesticated mammals, reptiles, or birds.
- (c) Animal control unit: A specific unit within the Hartford Police Department that has the power to enforce this Chapter, however, any Hartford Police Officer may enforce any and all provisions herein.
- (d) Animal control officer: Employees of the Animal Control Unit duly and legally authorized by the city to enforce this Chapter and carry out all other duties expressed or implied in any city ordinance relating to animals or animal control; provided, however, that any officers, who are not trained police officers employed by the City, shall not have the power of custodial arrest, and they shall function under the supervision of the Police Chief of the Hartford Police Department.
- (e) Animal shelter: The location designated by the City for the purpose of impounding and caring for animals held under authority of this Chapter.
- (f) Attack: To charge in a menacing and threatening fashion growling, barking or uttering other noise which places the citizen in imminent fear of injury.

- (g) Bite: To seize with the teeth so the skin of the person or animal seized has been wounded or pierced with a break or abrasion.
- (h) City dog catcher: The individual appointed by the City to apprehend and assist in the apprehension of animals pursuant to this Ordinance.
- (i) Impound: The act of taking physical possession and control of an animal by an animal control officer or other officer empowered by City law, and transporting it to the animal shelter.
- (j) Livestock: Domestic animal, such as horses, mares, mules, jacks, chickens, emu, pigeons, jennies, colts, cows, calves, yearlings, bulls, oxen, goats, pigs, hogs, sheep, or lambs, raised or kept for home use or for profit.
- (k) Owner: Any person having a right of property in the animal, or who keeps or harbors the animal, or who has it in his care, or acts as its custodian, or who permits the animal to remain on or about any premises occupied by him.
 - (l) Person: Individuals, firms, partnerships, corporations and associations.
- (m) Premises: Any real property titled in the name of, held in fee by, rented or leased to an individual, company or corporation.
- (n) Severe injury: Any injury which results in a broken bone, internal bodily injury or the death of any person.
- (o) Wild animal: Any animal that is not cultivated, tamed, or adjusted to live in a human environment.

Sec. 1-2. Abatement of domesticated animals prohibited.

It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly abandon any animal or litter of any animal within the city. Each person who does abandon, or knowingly and willfully permits such abandonment, or aids in the abandonment of any animal shall be in violation of this section.

Sec. 1-3. Cruelty to animals prohibited.

It shall be unlawful for any person to mistreat, torture, disfigure, mutilate, torment, or cruelly tease an animal; deprive an animal of food, water, or shelter; keep animal under unsanitary conditions; leave an animal unattended in a vehicle without proper ventilation; beat, kill or injure an animal without good cause; override, overdrive or overload an animal; and/or to set out upon any public or private property any stakes, pits, snare, traps, poisons, antifreeze, or other devices or substances intended to cause harm, injury or death to any animal. This section shall not be construed as prohibiting the branding or dehorning of livestock, or any other acts considered customary in the management or care of livestock.

Sec. 1-4. Animal fights, participation in and bets thereon prohibited.

It shall be unlawful for any person to own, posses, keep or train any animal with the intent that such animal shall be engaged in an exhibition of fighting with another animal or human. It shall be unlawful to cause any animal to fight another animal or human, or to knowingly be present as a spectator or participant at any place where an exhibition of fighting animals is taking place, or to knowingly wager anything of value on the outcome of such fight.

Sec.1-5. Tying of animal on public property prohibited.

It shall be unlawful for any person to tie, stake, or fasten any animal in such a manner that the animal has access to any portion of a street, highway, road, alley, sidewalk, right of way, or other public place.

Sec. 1-6. Tying of animal on another's property without permission prohibited.

It shall be unlawful for any person to tie, stake, or fasten any animal upon private property of another without express permission of the property owner.

Sec. 1-7. Tying of animal allowing access to another's property prohibited.

It shall be unlawful for any person to tie, stake, or fasten an animal in such a manner as to permit said animal to cross onto private property without the express permission of the property owner.

Sec. 1-8. Leaving of dead animal on premises prohibited.

It shall be unlawful for any person to leave or cause to be left upon any private or public property, sidewalk, alley, or right of way, any dead animal or the offal of any dead animal, for more than twenty-four (24) hours after the death of such animal.

Sec. 1-9. Possession of wild animal prohibited.

It shall be unlawful for any person to keep or possess any wild animal or wild bird except as permitted by State law or Federal law.

Sec. 1-10. Bird sanctuary not established.

The territory comprising the city and its police jurisdiction is not declared a bird sanctuary. It shall not be unlawful for any person to maim, kill or injure any wild or migrating bird within such territory.

Sec. 1-11. Penalties for violation.

To the extent not otherwise set out more specifically herein, any person or persons violating any section of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and are subject to penalty, upon conviction, to a fine up to \$25.00 for a first offense, up to \$100.00 for a second offense and up to \$500.00 for all subsequent offenses. The individual who witnessed the violation may make a sworn statement before a Magistrate of the City and a complaint will be issued to the owner of the dog. If the violation is witnessed by an animal control officer or police officer, the officer can issue the owner of the dog a citation or make a sworn statement before a Magistrate of the City.

Sec. 1-12. Severability.

If any section or provision of this Ordinance shall be declared invalid or unconstitutional by judgment or a court of competent jurisdiction, such judgment shall not affect any other section or provision of this Ordinance.

ARTICLE II. RUNNING AT LARGE

Sec.1-13. Running at large of dogs prohibited.

It shall be unlawful for the owner of or any person having custody or control of any dog to allow or permit a dog to run at large within the city.

- (a) A dog is running large if it is not under the control of the owner or a person acting for the owner and it is not
- (1) confined within a fence, wall or other enclosure in such a manner so as to effectively prevent the dog from traveling onto public property or the private property of another;
- (2) on a leash, cord or chain not less than ten feet in length and secured by a collar or harness with swivel connections in such a manner to effectively prevent the escape of the dog;
- (3) at a heel position or close at the side of a person competent to control the dog;
 - (4) in a vehicle; or
- (5) confined by an electronic animal confinement system which is administered in continuous working order, provided that the dog wears the appropriate electronic collar, has received appropriate training with the collar and signs indicating the use of said system are prominently posted twenty (20) foot intervals around the perimeter of the confinement area.
- (b) It shall be no defense in any prosecution for a violation of this section that such dog was at large without the knowledge, consent, or permission of the person charged with such violation.

Sec.1-14. Penalty for violation of prohibition against dogs running at large.

- (a) First alleged violation: A written warning shall be issued by an animal control officer or police officer when a complaint, either verbal or written, alleging a violation of section 1-13 is received from an individual or when an animal control officer or police officer witnesses a violation of section 1-13.
- (b) All subsequent violations within a one year period: Upon a second or subsequent violation of section 1-13 within a one year period, the individual who witnessed the violation may make a sworn statement before a Magistrate of the City and a complaint will be issued to the owner of the dog. If the violation is witnessed by an animal control officer or police officer, the officer can issue the owner of the dog a citation or make a sworn statement before a Magistrate of the City.

(c) Upon conviction, a person found guilty of violating section 1-13 shall be fined up to \$25.00 for a first offense, up to \$100.00 for a second offense and up to \$500.00 for all subsequent offenses.

Sec. 1-15. Enforcement of the prohibition against dogs running at large.

It shall be the duty of the animal control unit and/or the Hartford Police Department to capture and remove by impoundment any dogs found running at large within the city.

- (a) Any dog impounded pursuant to this section shall be turned over to the animal shelter where they will be housed for a period not less than five (5) days. However, any dog that appears to be diseased, injured or wild can be humanely destroyed at any time during the five (5) day period with the joint approval of either the director or director of operations of the animal shelter and a licensed veterinarian.
- (b) Dogs claimed within the five (5) days will be returned to the owner after the owner has provided proof of rabies inoculation and paid all required fees as set out in subsection (c) of this section below. Dogs that are not claimed within five (5) days after impoundment will become the property of the animal shelter.
- (c) Owners claiming dogs from impoundment for violation of the prohibition against running at large shall be required to pay a fee of \$35.00 to the animal shelter for the pickup of the dog, one-half of which will be returned by the animal shelter to the city general fund, and a fee of \$10.00 per day, per animal for each day the dog was housed at the animal shelter. The total amount of the daily housing fee is to be retained by the animal shelter.

ARTICLE III. VICIOUS ANIMALS

Sec. 1-16. Vicious animal defined.

A "vicious animal" is defined as an animal that attacks, bites or inflicts severe injury to human beings, pets, companion animals, or livestock.

The owner of any animal accused of being vicious is entitled to introduce evidence that the animal was provoked or that he animal's actions at the time of the alleged attack, bite or injury were justified. In regards to dogs specifically, no dog may be declared vicious based solely on the breed of said animal.

Sec. 1-17. Confinement required.

It shall be unlawful for any person to keep a vicious animal within the City limits unless the enclosure for said animal meets the conditions set forth by the provisions of section 1-19.

Sec. 1-18. Initiation of vicious animal investigation.

When any person claims that an animal is vicious, he shall make a sworn statement before a Magistrate in the City setting forth the name of the animal's owner, the location where the animal is being kept in the city, and the reason he believes the animal to be vicious. The sworn statement may be completed by any person having contact with the animal. the sworn statement will be delivered to the Hartford Police Department and an animal control officer and/or a Hartford Police Officer will complete a vicious animal investigation.

Animal control officers and/or Hartford Police Officers are authorized to initiate a vicious animal investigation in cases where a bite or serious injury to any person has been reported on two or more occasions involving the same animal.

- (a) In the event the vicious animal investigation leads the animal control officers and/or the Hartford Police Officers to believe the allegation is founded,
- (1) The animal control officer and/or the Hartford Police Officers will file a Summons for the owner of the animal with the Municipal Court;
 - (2) The animal in question will be impounded at the animal shelter;
- (3) A hearing date will be held in Municipal Court within fourteen (14) days of the date of service; and
- (4) The animal will be held in impound until the owner complies with all orders of the court; however, the animal will be humanely destroyed if the owner fails to comply with all orders of the court within twenty (20) days of the court's order.
- (5) The owner will be required to pay all expenses involved with the pickup and impoundment of the animal at a rate of \$35.00 to the animal shelter for the pickup of the animal, one half of which will be returned by the animal shelter to the city general fund, and a fee of \$10.00 per day, per animal for each day the animal was housed at the animal shelter. The total amount of the daily housing fee is to be retained by the animal shelter.
- (b) In the event the vicious animal investigation leads the animal control officer and/or the Hartford Police Officer to believe the allegation is unfounded, the animal control officer will advise the complainant of his findings and submit the results of the investigation to the Animal Control Supervisor or the Hartford Police Chief.
- (c) A copy of all investigation made pursuant to this section will be kept on file in the animal control office.

Sec. 1-19. Enclosures specifications for vicious animals.

Whenever a vicious animal is permitted to stay or remain in the city, the following requirements and any other requirements deemed necessary and appropriate for public safety by the Animal Control Supervisor or the Hartford Police Chief shall be adhered to by the owner of said vicious animal.

- (a) Owners shall provide an exterior perimeter fence suitable to contain an average animal of the same type. The perimeter fence shall be constructed of chain link or wooden privacy type and shall be at least four (4) feet in height.
- (b) Owners shall provide an additional fence or pen of adequate size inside the perimeter to humanely confine vicious animal.
- (1) This additional fence or pen may not share common fencing with the perimeter fence;
- (2) This additional fence or pen must have secure sides and a secure top attached at all sides;

- (3) All four sides of this additional fence or pen must be sunk at least two feet into the ground or the fence must be built over a concrete pad to prevent the animal from digging out;
- (4) This additional fence or pen must have an inward-opening gate and shall be kept locked at all times by pad lock or key lock except when tending to the care of the animal;
- (5) The sides of this additional fence or pen shall be from ground to top at least twice the height of the animal, the height of the animal being measured from its shoulders;
- (6) This additional fence or pen must not be positioned so that neighbors or passers-by have access to the animal. It must be no less than twenty (20) feet from any neighboring home; and
- (7) Signs shall be posted on each side of this additional fence or pen stating that a vicious animal is enclosed and shall specify the type of animal enclosed, i.e. "Vicious Dog."
- (c) Whenever the animal is outside either the additional fence or pen provided for in this section:
 - (1) It must be attended by the owner; and
- (2) It must be restrained by a secure collar and leash or rope no shorter than eight (8) nor longer than ten (10) feet in length and of sufficient strength to prevent escape;
- (d) No vicious animal shall be allowed outside the owner's property except in emergencies or for normal or necessary medical or health related treatment.
- (e) No vicious animal shall be chained, tethered, or otherwise tied to any object such as a tree, post or building, outside of its additional fence or pen as provided in this section.
- (f) An electronic animal confinement system shall not be used to confine an animal classified as vicious.

Sec. 1-20. Authority of animal control officer when enclosure deemed inadequate.

When a vicious animal is not properly or securely confined pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter, the animal control supervisor or the Hartford Police Chief shall order confinement of the animal with a licensed veterinarian with the animal shelter until the owner or other person in charge of such animal provides an enclosure which complies with the provisions of section 1-19. Provided, however, that if the owner or other person in charge of such animal fails to provide a proper enclosure as provided by section 1-19 within thirty (30) days, such animal shall be disposed of as directed by the animal control supervisor or the Hartford Police Chief. All costs of feeding and caring for such animal during said confinement at the animal shelter shall not exceed ten dollars (\$10.00) per day and a pick-up fee of \$35.00 shall be paid to the animal shelter before the dog will be turned over.

ARTICLE IV. PUBLIC NUISANCE ANIMALS

Sec. 1-21. Public nuisance prohibited.

It shall be unlawful for any person to fail to exercise the necessary care and control to prevent an animal in their possession or care from becoming a public nuisance animal. For purpose of this section, an animal is a public nuisance animal if the animal:

Habitually makes disturbing noises including, but not limited to, barking, yelping, whining, or other utterances causing unreasonable annoyance or discomfort to others in closing

proximity to the premises where the animal is kept;

Creates unsanitary conditions or offensive and objectionable odors in enclosures or surroundings and, thereby, created unreasonable annoyance or discomfort to others in close proximity to where the animal is being kept;

- Trespasses on private property in such a manner as to create unsanitary conditions, or
- (d) Damages property belonging to anyone other than its owner, including damage to flowers, gardens and shrubs.

Sec. 1-22 Complaints of Public Nuisance Animals

- Whenever any person shall complain to animal control officer or city police (a) officer concerning a Public Nuisance Animal, the animal control officer or city police officer will notify the owner or keeper of said animal by written warning, that complaint has been received and that the person should take whatever steps necessary to alleviate the specified nuisance. Such warning may be hand delivered or delivered by United States mail.
- If within fifteen (15) days of the issuance of the warning specified in (a) above, the owner or keeper of said animal or animals has not remedied or made substantial progress towards remedying the specified nuisance, then the complainant shall have the right to appear before the Municipal Court Magistrate between the hours of 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. Monday through Friday and complete an Affidavit/Summons against the owner or keeper of said animal or animals. Before issuing said summons, the magistrate shall verify that the warning specified in (a) above was issued at least fifteen (15) days prior to the filing of the affidavit by the complainant.

Sec. 1-23. Number of animals.

There shall be no blanket limitation of the number of animals except as may be set out in specific circumstances in the other provisions herein or additional ordinances.

ARTICLE V. ENFORCEMENT

Sec. 1-24. Authority to Impound.

To promote the City's interest in seeing that all animals are treated humanely and to ensure the well-being of the citizens of the city, any animal control officer, city police officer or City dog catcher is hereby authorized to impound any animal whether he has reasonable cause to believe any of the following conditions exist:

- The animal is the subject of an act of cruelty as prohibited by this Chapter or state law;
 - The animal is running at large in violation of this Chapter; (b)
 - The animal has been abandoned; (c)
- The animal is the subject of investigation for viciousness pursuant to section 1-18 (d) of this Chapter;

(e) The animal does not display a proper inoculation tag as defined in section 1-33 of this Chapter and the owner, if identified, does not produce proper inoculation documentation.

Sec. 1-25. Authority to enter private property to impound.

Any animal control officer, city police officer or City dog catcher is hereby authorized to enter upon private property to impound any animal observed at large and chased to the said property.

Sec. 1-26. Authority to utilize humane traps.

Any animal control officer, city police officer or City dog catcher is hereby authorized, in order to apprehend animals in violation of this Chapter, which are otherwise difficult to apprehend, to use traps designed to humanely capture said animals by placing the same on any public property of the city, upon the right of way of any public street or highway, or upon the private property of any person granting permission therefor.

Sec. 1-27. Authority to utilize chemical capture methods.

Any animal control officer or city police officer is hereby authorized to use chemical capture methods to capture animals in violation of this Chapter when the use of human traps would be ineffective and the animal is diseased or poses a danger to public safety.

Sec. 1-28. Destruction of Certain Animals.

- (a) Animal control officers and city police officers are authorized to destroy any animal at large contrary to the provisions of this Chapter, provided that such officer has made reasonable efforts to capture such animal or to locate the owner of the animal and has been unable to capture the animal or to locate said owner of the animal and, in that officer's opinion, the animal constitutes a direct and immediate threat to the public health, safety or welfare.
- (b) Animal control officers and agents of the animal shelter are authorized to destroy any animal found unattended on public property when said animal is injured or diseased past recovery.
- (c) Animal control officers, city police officers and agents of the animal shelter are authorized to destroy any wild animal within the city limits which presents a direct and immediate threat to the public or any person individually.
- (d) The animal control supervisor is authorized to destroy any animal which has bitten or fiercely attacked any person causing severe injury, the loss of bodily function or death when the animal control supervisor believes said animal constitutes a direct and immediate threat to the public health, safety or welfare.
- (e) Taking into account all the relevant circumstances, animal control officers, city police officers, and agents of the animal shelter are to employ the most humane means possible to when exercising the authority granted under this section.

Sec. 1-29. Interference with Enforcement.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person by any physical act to interfere with, resist, molest, obstruct, hinder or impede any animal control officer, agent of the animal shelter or other officer empowered to act by law in the discharge of such officer's duty while in the enforcement of this chapter.

(b) It shall be unlawful to interfere with any animal control officer, agent of the animal shelter or other empowered to act by law, or to take or attempt to take any animal from the vehicle used to transport the animal, any humane trap used to apprehend animals or to take or attempt to take any animal form the shelter.

Sec. 1-30. Animal shelter required to provide monthly accounting.

The animal shelter will provide to the animal control supervisor with a monthly report detailing the number and type of animals impounded, the number and type of animals claimed, and the number and type of animals destroyed during that month.

ARTICLE VI. LIVESTOCK

Sec. 1-31. Enclosure of livestock required.

All livestock shall be properly housed with adequate food and water and confined within a fenced enclosure or secure building of sufficient size. The fenced enclosure or secured building shall be maintained in such a manner as to keep any average livestock animal of the same type from escaping the enclosed area.

Sec. 1-32. Running at large of livestock prohibited.

It shall be unlawful for any person to allow or permit livestock to run or flee at large within the city.

- (a) A livestock animal is running at large if it is not under the control of its owner or a person acting for the owner **and** it is not confined within a fence, wall or other enclosure in such a manner so as to effectively prevent the livestock animal from traveling onto public property or the private property of another.
- (b) It shall be no defense in any prosecution for a violation of this section that such livestock animal was at large without the knowledge, consent, or permission of the person charged with such violation.
- (c) Upon a first violation of this section within a year, an animal control officer, police officer or City dog catcher shall issue the owner a written warning. Thereafter, all violations will result in the issuance of a summons and complaint against the owner.
- (d) The director or director of operations of the animal shelter shall be responsible for finding suitable accommodations and for the ultimate disposition of any livestock impounded pursuant to this section. The owner or any person having custody or control of such animal will be charged in accordance with the actual cost of impoundment plus any boarding fees for the period of impoundment.

ARTICLE VII. RABIES CONTROL

Sec. 1-33. Definitions.

As used in this section, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings:

- (a) Cat: All members of the domesticated feline (Felis catus) family three months of age or older.
- (b) Dog: All members of the domesticated canine (Canis familiaris) family three months of age or older.

- (c) Has Been Exposed: Seized with the teeth or claws, so that the skin of the person or animal seized has been wounded or pierced and includes suspected or confirmed contact of saliva with a break or abrasion of the skin or with any mucous membrane, as determined by a licensed physician.
- (d) Bite: Seized with the teeth so the skin of the person or animal seized has been wounded or pierced with a break or abrasion. For purposes of this section the existence of a bite must be determined by a licensed physician.
- (e) Inoculation tag: Tag issued as required by state law coincident with the inoculation of a dog or cat against rabies.

Sec. 1-34. Annual rabies inoculation required.

It shall be unlawful for any person to own, possess, keep, maintain or harbor within city limits any dog or cat which has not been inoculated annually against rabies as required by State law.

Sec. 1-35. Collar or harness required: tag to be attached; removal prohibited.

Every dog and cat over the age of three months shall wear a substantial, durable collar or harness when off the owner's premises, to which an inoculation tag shall be attached. It shall be unlawful for a person to remove the collar, harness or inoculation tag from any dog or cat without the consent of the owner.

Sec. 1-36. Inoculation tag to be worn only by dog or cat from which issued.

It shall be unlawful for any person to permit or allow any dog or cat under his ownership or in his charge or control to wear an inoculation tag issued for a different dog or cat.

Sec. 1-37. Authority of Animal Control Officer, etc. to enter upon premises for inspection of inoculation.

Animal control officers, police officers and agents of the animal shelter shall have the right to enter upon any premises where a dog or cat is being kept, harbored or restrained for the purpose of verifying the rabies inoculation of the dog or cat.

Sec. 1-38. Impounding of dogs and cats lacking proof of inoculation.

Any dog or cat not wearing or displaying a proper inoculation tag and any dog or cat whose owner, if identified, is unable to produce proper inoculation documentation, may be impounded as outlined in 1-15 of this Chapter.

Sec. 1-39. Quarantine required in instance of bite.

It shall be unlawful for any person having knowledge that a human being or domesticated animal has been bitten or exposed by a dog or cat to fail to notify either an animal control officer or the county health department of the incident.

(a) Whenever an animal control officer shall receive information that a human being or domesticated animal has been bitten or exposed by a dog or cat, the animal control officer shall give written notice to the owner of the dog or cat that the dog or cat must be placed in quarantine under the direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian for a period of ten (10) days subsequent to the date of the bite or exposure for the purpose of determining whether the dog or

cat is infected with rabies. The owner of said dog or cat shall place the animal in quarantine within one (1) business day of the notice.

(b) Such quarantine shall be at the expense of the owner of said animal.

(c) When after a reasonable investigation, the animal control officer determines that the dog or cat is unowned, the dog or cat shall be humanely destroyed and the dog or cat shall be submitted for rabies examination to the state Department of Public Health.

(d) An owner may relinquish, in writing, the ownership of such dog or cat to the animal control officer for the purpose of humanely destroying the dog or cat to enable immediate

testing to be performed on the animal by the Department of Public Health.

(e) It shall be unlawful for the owner of such dog or cat to refuse to comply with the lawful order of the animal control officer given pursuant to this section. It is unlawful for the owner to sell, give away, transfer to another location or otherwise dispose of any such dog or cat until it is released from quarantine by the veterinarian or other officer duly authorized under state law.

Sec. 1-40. Conflicting Ordinances.

All ordinances or parts of ordinances conflicting with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

Sec. 1-41. Conjuction.

This Ordinance is cumulative in effect and implemented in conjunction with Ordinance No. 4-18-77 which deals with Livestock, and any other ordinances or parts of ordinance in the City of Hartford (which are not in conflict) as well as, Ala. Code Section 3-7A-9 and any other applicable state or federal law dealing with Animal Control, to include dogs, cats, livestock, etc.

SECTION III. This Ordinance shall become effective upon passage, approval and publication or as otherwise provided by law.

Adopted this the 15 day of July, 2013.

City Clerk, Vicki Marsh